AGRI PICKS

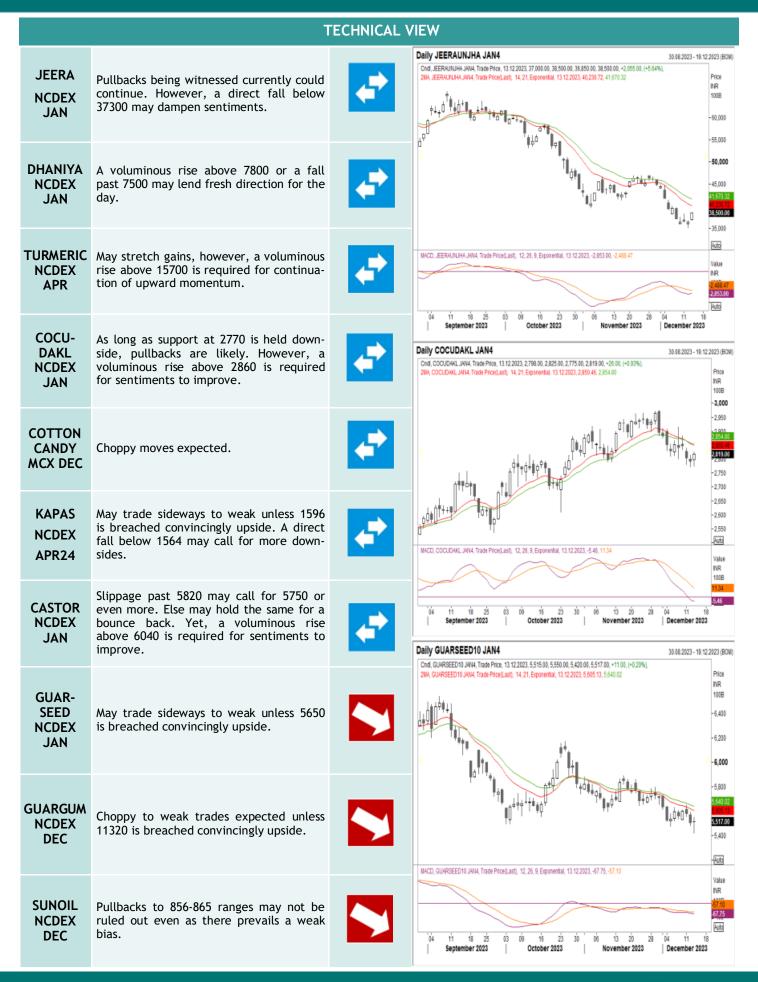
A Daily Report on Agriculture Commodities 14 December 2023



MARKET NEWS/UPDATES

- The National Commodity and Derivatives Exchange is set to launch a mini futures contract for jeera next week, said Kapil Dev, chief business officer of the exchange. "We are likely to launch jeera mini contracts next week to encourage more participation from traders and farmer producer organisations," Dev told Informist. The jeera mini futures would be of 1 to each, against the current 3 tn, he said. The mini futures, he said, would initially be launched for three months--January, March and April. Jeera is grown only during the rabi season, and Gujarat and Rajasthan together account for nearly 99% of the country's overall output.
- The area under rabi crops in Rajasthan was down nearly 3.5% on year at 10.12 mln ha in the current season as of Monday, against 10.48 mln ha a year ago, according to a release by the state agriculture department. The state has set a target of 11.72 mln ha for this season and so far, 86.4% of the target area has been achieved. Mustard, the key cash crop grown in the state, was sown over 3.6 mln ha, down 5.7% from a year ago. The state has set a target of 4.1 mln ha for mustard this season, down 9.9% from 4.5 mln ha sown last year. The area under oilseeds was at 3.7 mln ha, down from 3.9 mln ha a year ago. The target for the current season has been set at 4.4 mln ha, lower than last year's area of 4.7 mln ha. The acreage of gram, also known as chana, accounted for 98% of the pulses sown in the state at 1.8 mln ha. The total area under pulses was 1.9 mln ha, down 11.9% from a year ago. As of Monday, sowing of wheat, the major foodgrain, was at 2.5 mln ha, down nearly 6.4% from 2.7 mln ha a year ago. The acreage of rabi cereals was down 4.8% on year at 2.9 mln ha. The area under barley was up 6.9% at 401,672 ha. The state is the largest grower of barley in the country.
- The area under rabi crops in Karnataka fell 20.1% on year to 2.02 mln ha in the current season as of Friday, according to the state agriculture department's sowing report. Farmers in the state had sown crops over 2.52 mln ha in the corresponding period a year ago. The state has set a target of sowing rabi crops on 2.54 mln ha this season and so far 79.4% of the target area has been covered. Chana, a key crop in the rabi season, was sown over 905,000 ha, down 21.2% from a year ago. The state has set a target area of 1.01 mln ha for chana sowing for this season. Bengal gram constitutes 50% of the total area sown so far during the rabi season in the state. The total area under rabi pulses was 1.02 mln ha, down from 1.28 mln ha a year ago. The target area for pulses for the current season has been set at 1.16 mln ha. As of Sunday, Karnataka has received 112.6 mm rainfall in the north-east monsoon season, which started on Oct 1, 35% below the normal of 172.4 mm, data from the India Meteorological Department showed. Wheat was sown over 114,000 ha, down from 157,000 ha as of Friday, the data showed. Karnataka, the top maize producer, has sown the crop over 95,000 ha, down from 104,000 ha a year ago. The target for the area under maize and wheat is set at 140,000 ha and 171,000 ha, respectively. The area under rabi cereals fell to 765,000 ha as of Friday, down from 910,000 ha a year ago. As of Friday, the area under oilseeds was at 147,000 ha, down from 238,000 ha in the corresponding period last year. The target for the current season has been set at 253,000 ha. Ground-nut acreage was at 104,000 ha down from 152,000 ha a year ago, it showed. Groundnut, sunflower, and safflower are the key oilseeds grown in the state.
- The US Department of Agriculture has cut its forecast on global cotton production in 2023-24 (Aug-Jul) by 540,000 bales to 112.92 mln bales. Lower production in the US, Turkey, and Mexico will more than offset a 200,000 bales increase in Pakistan, the USDA said in its December report. The global cotton opening stock for 2023-24 has been cut to 82.8 mln bales from 83.04 mln bales, but the forecast on ending stock for the crop year has been raised by 900,000 bales to 82.40 mln bales due to increase in Chinese stocks by 1.5 mln bales. The department has projected global cotton consumption in 2023-24 to decrease by 1.6 mln bales to 113.73 mln bales from 115.30 mln bales estimated in November due to lower projected consumption in Turkey, the US and Mexico. However, consumption is seen rising by 100,000 bales in Bangladesh, it said. The US government agency sees Brazil's cotton production estimate to remain unchanged at 14.56 mln bales. World trade is seen slightly down from the previous month as larger-than-expected imports by China will be offset by reductions in Turkey, Pakistan, and Bangladesh, it said. Larger than expected exports from Turkey will be more than offset by a 300,000-bale reduction for Brazil and smaller reductions elsewhere, it said. Global exports are projected to fall to 43.15 mln bales in 2023-24 from 43.31 mln bales estimated last month. The USDA has projected cotton exports from India in 2023-24 at 1.80 mln bales, unchanged from the previous month's projections. The average price for upland cotton in the US in 2023-24 has been cut by three cents to 77 cents per pound.
- Soybean crushing in the oil year 2023-24 (Oct-Sep) was at 2.35 mln tn as of Nov 30, up 9.3% on year from 2.15 mln tn, according to the estimate released by The Soybean Processors Association of India on Saturday. The soybean crushing level was supported by increased market arrivals till November, which were at 4 mln tn, up 8.1% on year from 3.7 mln tn, according to SOPA's estimates. In the current oil year, soybean production is estimated at 11.9 mln tn, down from 12.4 mln tn in 2022-23. Imports of soybean in the same period are estimated to be 29% lower on year to 500,000 tn from 703,000 tn, according to SOPA. Exports of soybean in the current oil year are expected to rise marginally to 25,000 tn from 22,000 tn in 2022-23. Soybean available for crushing in 2023-24 is expected to rise to 12 mln tn from 11.5 mln tn in the previous year, SOPA said. The total stock of soybean available at plants or with traders and farmers at the end of November was at 10.6 mln tn. In 2023-24, the production of soymeal is estimated to be higher at 9.47 mln tn, from 9.17 mln tn in the previous oil year. However, soymeal production in November fell 1.1% to 947,000 tn on year from 958,000 tn, according to SOPA. In 2023-24, soymeal exports via sea and land are estimated to fall slightly to 1.80 mln from 1.83 mln tn. Exports in November were at 150,000 tn compared to 132,000 tn a year ago, SOPA said. Domestic demand for soymeal in the food sector in the current oil year is expected to remain steady at 800,000 tn, whereas demand in the feed sector is seen rising slightly on year to 6.8 mln tn from 6.7 mln tn, SOPA said. The total stock of soymeal available in November was at 271,000 tn. Soybean is a crucial kharif oilseed crop and accounts for around 30% of India's oilseed basket.





TECHNICAL LEVELS												
Commodity	Exchange	Open*	High*	Low*	LTP*	S 3	S2	S 1	Pivot	R1	R2	R3
JEERAUNJHA JAN4	NCDEX	37000	38500	36850	38500	35750	36300	37400	37950	39050	39600	40700
TMCFGRNZM APR4	NCDEX	14350	15164	14260	15164	13657	13959	14561	14863	15465	15767	16369
DHANIYA JAN4	NCDEX	7572	7690	7542	7662	7425	7483	7573	7631	7721	7779	7869
CASTORSEED JAN4	NCDEX	5879	5890	5856	5880	5827	5856	5861	5875	5895	5909	5929
GUARSEED10 JAN4	NCDEX	5515	5550	5420	5517	5311	5366	5441	5496	5571	5626	5701
GUARGUM5 JAN4	NCDEX	10940	10990	10751	10924	10548	10649	10787	10888	11026	11127	11265
MENTHAOIL DEC3	MCX	954.9	958.8	942.6	948.6	925	934	941	950	957	966	974
COCUDAKL JAN4	NCDEX	2798	2825	2775	2819	2738	2756	2788	2806	2838	2856	2888
KAPAS APR4	NCDEX	1569.0	1576.5	1568.0	1573.5	1560	1564	1569	1573	1577	1581	1586
COTTONCNDY JAN4	MCX	56600	56760	56560	56760	56427	56493	56627	56693	56827	56893	57027
SUNOIL DEC3	NCDEX	848	850	847	847	843	845	846	848	849	850	851

Pivot Point: A predictive indicator of the market which is calculated as an average of significant prices from the performance of a market in the prior trading period. An open above the pivot point is generally considered bullish and vice versa.

S1, S2 & S3 are supports and R1, R2, and R3 are resistances from where a turnaround can be anticipated.

*Open, High, Low and Close prices of previous trading day / ^Cottonseed Oil Cake

TD		NG	\sim \sim \sim	Λ Γ	
	ліп	N/ -	- 100	м	

Common Pittor		Intraday	Mediun	n term	RS	1	Volatility	
Commodities	Exchange	View	13 day EMA	22 day EMA	Condition	Trending	1 day	Annualised
JEERAUNJHA JAN4	NCDEX	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Oversold	Strong	3.53%	56.1%
TMCFGRNZM APR4	NCDEX	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Neutral	Strong	2.27%	36.1%
DHANIYA JAN4	NCDEX	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Neutral	Strong	2.11%	33.6%
GUARSEED10 JAN4	NCDEX	FLAT/CHOPPY	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Neutral	Strong	0.94%	14.9%
GUARGUM5 JAN4	NCDEX	FLAT/CHOPPY	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Oversold	Strong	1.18%	18.7%
CASTORSEED JAN4	NCDEX	FLAT/CHOPPY	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Neutral	Strong	0.88%	14.0%
KAPAS APR4	NCDEX	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Oversold	Strong	0.43%	6.8%
COTTONCNDY JAN4	MCX	FLAT/CHOPPY	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Neutral	Strong	1.05%	16.7%
COCUDAKL JAN4	NCDEX	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Neutral	Strong	0.96%	15.3%
MENTHAOIL DEC3	MCX	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Neutral	Strong	0.86%	13.7%

Trading signals is prepared based on statistical analysis and is purely on technical indicators like exponential moving averages (EMAs), Relative strength Index (RSI) and stochastic, putting altogether provides an idea about intraday, short, medium and long term trend of the commodities. It also signals the risk of an investment in both agricultural and global commodities as well. Based on all listed indicators above, investors were able to fix a daily, near-term and long term trends. However, must be cautious especially for real-time intraday traders/jobbers.

Trading Strategy based on EMA

Trading strategies mentioned in the report is mainly based on 3, 5, 13, 22, 45 & 60 days exponential Moving Averages. 3 and 5 day EMA has taken for developing Intraday trading strategy, 13 days and 22 days EMA for Short term and Medium term, while 45,60 days EMA for Long term. Here, we use EMAs for POSITIVE and NEGATIVE signals. POSITIVE signal is formed when a short-term moving average (eg: 30 day) crosses from below a longer-term average (eg: 60 day), which is considered bullish. Likewise, NEGATIVE signal is formed when a short-term moving average (eg: 30 day) crosses from above a longer-term moving average (eg: 60 day), which is considered bearish.

Ailliadilaca		Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings
Volatility >	> 35%	Very High risk	27 to 34%	High risk	20 to 26%	Moderate risk	11 to 19%	Low risk	1 to 10%	Very Low risk

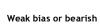
Source: Informist (Cogencis), Reuters, e-News , NCDEX, MCX, and other International exchanges.







Strong bias or bullish







Mild bullish bias



Mild bearish bias



Choppy with positive note

Choppy with negative note



GENERAL DISCLOSURES & DISCLAIMERS:

GENERAL DISCLOSURES & DISCLAIMERS:

CERTIFICATION

I, Anu V Pai, an employee of Geojit Financial Services Limited, a public listed Company with Corporate Identification Number (CIN): L67120KL1994PLC008403 and SEBI Registration Number - Research Entity: INH200000345, having its registered office at 11th Floor, 34/659 - P, Civil Line Road, Padivattom, Kochi - 682024, Kerala, India (hereinafter referred to as "GFSL") and author of this report, hereby certify that all the views expressed in this research report (report) reflect my personal views about any or all of the subject issuer or securities/ commodities.

DISCLAIMER

This report has been prepared by GFSL and the report & its contents are the exclusive property of GFSL and the recipient cannot tamper with the report or its contents in any manner and the said report, shall in no case, be further distributed to any third party for commercial use, with or without consideration.

GFSL has taken steps to ensure that facts in this report are based on reliable information but cannot testify, nor make any representation or warranty, express or implied, to the accuracy, contents or data contained within this report. It is hereby confirmed that wherever GFSL has employed a rating system in this report, the rating system has been clearly defined including the time horizon and benchmarks on which the rating is based.

Descriptions of any Commodity or Commodities mentioned herein are not intended to be complete and this report is not, and should not be construed as an offer or solicitation of an offer, to buy or sell any commodity or other financial instruments. GFSL has not taken any steps to ensure that the commodity/(ies) referred to in this report are suitable for any particular investor. This Report is not to be relied upon in substitution for the exercise of independent judgment. Opinions or estimates expressed are current opinions as of the original publication date appearing on this Report and the information, including the opinions and estimates contained herein, are subject to change without notice. GFSL is under no duty to update this report from time to time.

Registration granted by SEBI, membership of BASL (in case of IAs) and certification from NISM in no way guarantee performance of the intermediary or provide any assurance of returns to investors.

RISK DISCLOSURE

Geojit Financial Services Limited and/or its Affiliates and its officers, directors and employees including the analyst/ authors shall not be in any way be responsible for any loss or damage that may arise to any person from any inadvert-ent error in the information contained in this report. Investors may lose his/her entire investment under certain market conditions so before acting on any advice or recommendation in these material, investors should consider whether it is suitable for their particular circumstances and, if necessary, seek professional advice. This report does not take into account the specific investment objectives, financial situation/circumstances and the particular needs of any specific person who may receive this document. The user assumes the entire risk of any use made of this information. Each recipient of this report should make such investigation as it deems necessary to arrive at an independent evaluation of an investment in the Commodity/(ies) referred to in this report (including the merits and risks involved). The price, volume and income of the investments referred to in this report may fluctuate and investors may realize losses that may exceed their original capital.

The investments or services contained or referred to in this report may not be suitable for all equally and it is recommended that an independent investment advisor be consulted. In addition, nothing in this report constitutes investment, legal, accounting or tax advice or a representation that any investment or strategy is suitable or appropriate to individual circumstances or otherwise constitutes a personal recommendation of GFSL.



REGULATORY DISCLOSURES:

Geojit Financial Services Limited's Associates consists of companies such as Geojit Technologies Private Limited (GTPL - Software Solutions provider), Geojit Credits Private Limited (GCPL- NBFC Services provider). In the context of the SEBI Regulations on Research Analysts (2014), Geojit Financial Services Limited affirms that we are a SEBI registered Research Entity and we issue research reports /research analysis etc that are prepared by our Research Analysts. We also affirm and undertake that no disciplinary action has been taken against us or our Analysts in connection with our business activities.

In compliance with the above mentioned SEBI Regulations, the following additional disclosures are also provided which may be considered by the reader before making an investment decision:

1. Disclosures regarding Ownership:

GFSL confirms that:

It/its associates have no financial interest or any other material conflict in relation to the subject Commodity futures covered herein at the time of publication of this report.

Further, the Research Analyst confirms that:

He, his associates and his relatives have no financial interest in the subject Commodity futures covered herein, and they have no other material conflict in the subject Commodity at the time of publication of this report.

2. Disclosures regarding Compensation:

During the past 12 months, GFSL or its Associates have not received any compensation or other benefits from any entity/ third party in connection with the Commodity futures mentioned in this report.

3. Disclosure regarding the Research Analyst's connection with the Commodity futures:

It is affirmed that I, Anu V Pai, employed as Research Analyst by GFSL and engaged in the preparation of this report have no substantial ownership or financial interest over any Commodity futures mentioned in the report.

4. Disclosure regarding Market Making activity:

Neither GFSL nor its Research Analysts have engaged in market making activities for the subject Commodity futures. Copyright in this report vests exclusively with GFSL

In case you have any grievance, please contact the below mentioned:

Compliance Officer
Ms. Indu K.
Geojit Financial Services Limited,
34/659 P, Civil Lane Road, Padivattom, Kochi - 682024
Tele: 0484 -2901367
Email: compliance@geojit.com

Grievance Officer Mr Nitin K

Geojit Financial Services Limited, 34/659 P, Civil Lane Road, Padivattom, Kochi - 682024

Tele: 0484-2901363

Email: grievances@geojit.com

STANDARD WARNING

Investment in securities market are subject to market risks. Read all the related documents carefully before investing.

